الجمهورية الجزائرية الديمقراطية الشعبية

دورة ماي 2017

مديرية التربية لولاية الوادي ثانويات ولاية الوادي المقاطعة رقم 3 امتحان بكالوريا التعليم الثانوي التجريبية الشعب (ة): لغات اجنبية.

المدة: 02 سا و 30 د

اختبار في مادة اللغة الإنجليزية

على المترشح أن يختار أحد الموضوعين التاليين الموضوع الأول

PART ONE: Reading A) Comprehension

(14 points)

(07 points)

Read the text carefully then do the activities.

Evidence of the early human occupation of Algeria is demonstrated since 4000 BC, by *the indigenous peoples* of northern Africa (identified by the Romans as Berbers called "Imazighen" successfully resisted Phoenician, Roman, Vandal, Byzantine, Arab, Turkish, and French invaders.

Phoenician traders arrived on the North African coast around 900 BC and established Carthage (in present-day Tunisia) around 800 BC. During the classical period, Berber civilization was already at a stage in which agriculture, manufacturing, trade, and political organization supported several states. Trade links between Carthage and the Berbers in the interior grew, but territorial expansion also resulted in the enslavement or military recruitment of some Berbers. The Carthaginian state declined because of successive defeats by the Romans in the Punic Wars, and in 146 BC, the city of Carthage was destroyed. As Carthaginian power waned, the influence of Berber leaders in the hinterland grew. By the 2nd century BC, several large but loosely administered Berber kingdoms had emerged. After that, king Masinissa managed to unify Numidia under *his* rule.

Madghacen was a king of independent kingdoms of the Numidians, between 12 and 3 BC. Berber territory was annexed by the Roman Empire in AD 24 which led to Berber opposition to the Roman presence. By the end of the 4th century, Christianity had become wide spread in the settled areas, and some Berber tribes had converted en masse to this *religion*.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_Algeria

1. Write the letter that corresponds to the	e right answer.		(01 pt)
1. The early human occupation of A	Algeria is demonstrated	by the original people of	
a) Southern Africa	b) Eastern Africa	c) Northern Africa	
2. Territorial expansion by the Car	thaginians resulted in th	e enslavement of some	
a) Romans	b) Berbers	c) Phoenicians	
2. Answer the following questions accord	ding to the text.		(03 pts)
a) What is the name given to the in	O	rthern Africa?	(== 1 ==)
b) Why did the Carthaginian state of	• • •		
c) Did the Berbers resist the Roma	<u>*</u>		
3. In which paragraph is the time when	Berber civilization flou	rished mentioned ?	(0.5 pt)
4. Who or what do the following words r	refer to in the text?		(1.5 pt)
a) the indigenous peoples (§1):	•	c) religion (§3):	, - /
5. Give a title to the text.			(01 pt)

B) Text Exploration (07 points)

1. Find in the text words or phrases that are closest in meaning to the following:

a) appeared (§2):

b) regions (§3):

2. Complete the following chart as shown in the example.

(1.5 pt)

(1 pt)

VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE
E.g., to civilize	civilization	civilized
		established
to manage		
	presence	

- 3. Connect each pair of the sentences with one of the given words. Make changes where necessary. (1.5pt) (despite the fact that) (as soon as)
 - a) The Romans (conquer) Greece. Many Romans (come) to the schools of Athens.
 - b) The Greeks (help) the Carthaginians to fight the Romans. The Carthaginians (be defeat).
- 4. Classify the following words according to the pronunciation of their final "ED" destroyed demonstrated settled influenced

(1 pt)

/t/ /d/ /id/

5. Reorder the following sentences to make a coherent passage.

(2 pts)

- a) who were responsible for the affairs of the state and the welfare of the people.
- b) The pharaoh was the head of state and the divine representative of the gods on earth.
- c) Government and religion were inseparable in ancient Egypt.
- d) He was assisted by a hierarchy of advisors, priests, officials and administrators,

PART TWO: Written Expression

(06 points)

Choose *ONE* of the following topics

Topic One: All civilizations such as the Egyptian, Greek, Roman, Sumerian and Phoenicians ... rose, fell and then vanished because of wars and epidemics. How about our modern civilization? Use the following notes to write a composition of about 80 to 100 words in which you say what threatens the world today?

- Nuclear wars and natural disasters.
- Dangerous diseases.
- Climate change, pollution and global warming.
- Economic collapse.
- Possible collision with comets or asteroids.

Topic Two: Your English pen friend wants to get information about the schools and classrooms in Algeria. S/He wants to write an article about this subject to the school magazine. Write a letter to him/her describing your school and classroom.

التصحيح النموذجي لامتحان البكالوريا التجريبية لشعبة اللغات الاجنبية الموضوع الاول

لامة	عناصر الاجابة				
المجموع	مجزاة	Ancient civilizations			
07 points	01 pt 03 pts 0.5 pt 1.5 pt 01 pt	PART ONE: Reading A) Comprehension 1. 1. c 2. b 2. a) The name given to the indigenous peoples of Northern Africa is Berbers or Imazighen. b) The Carthaginian state collapsed because of successive defeats by the Romans in the Punic Wars. c) Yes, they did. 3. In § 02 (the second paragraph) 4. a) the indigenous peoples (§1): Berbers / Imazighen b) his (§2): Masinissa c) religion (§3): Christianity 5. (Accept any			
07 points	01 pt 1.5 pt		Exploration emerged	b) areas	
	1.5 pt		VERB	NOUN	ADJECTIVE
			E.g., to civilize	civilization	civilized
			to establish	establishment	established
			to manage to present	management presence	managed present
	1.5 pt	 3. a) As soon as the Romans had conquered Greece, many Romans came to t schools of Athens. b) Despite the fact that the Greeks helped the Carthaginians to fight the . Romans, the Carthaginians were defeated. 4 			
	01 pt		/t/	/d/	/id/
	•		influenced	destroyed settled	demonstrated
	02 pts	5.	1 2 3 4 c b d a		
(06 points)		Choose Correct u	EWO: Expression ONE of the following to Topic 2: ee: 1.5 pt e coherence: 1 pt use of English: 2 pts ce vocabulary and crea		

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الموضوع الثاني

PART ONE: Reading
A) Comprehension
(14 points)
(07 points)

Read the text carefully then do the activities.

Education in India is provided by the public sector as well as the private sector, with control and funding coming from *three levels*: central, state and local. Under various articles of the Indian Constitution, free and compulsory education is provided as a fundamental right to children between the ages of 6 and 14. Certain post-secondary technical schools are also private. The private education market in India had a revenue of US\$450 million in 2008, but is projected to be a US\$ 40 billion market.

India has made progress in terms of increasing the primary education attendance rate and expanding literacy to approximately three-quarters of the population in the 7–10 age group, by 2011. India's improved education system is often cited as one of the main contributors to <u>its</u> economic development. Much of the progress, especially in higher education and scientific research, has been credited to various public institutions.

In India's education system, a significant number of seats are reserved under affirmative action policies for the historically disadvantaged Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes. In universities, colleges, and similar institutions affiliated to the federal government, there is a maximum 50% of reservations applicable to these disadvantaged groups, at the state level it can vary. Maharashtra had 73% reservation in 2014, which is the highest percentage of reservations in India.

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1. Copy down the letter that corresponds to the right answer. The test is: (0.5 pt)a) Narrative b) Expository c) Descriptive 2. Write the letter which best completes the right answer. (1.5 pt)1. Education for children aged 6 to 14 is: a) obligatory b) optional c) central **2.** The primary education attendence rate has: a) increased b) decreased c) remained the same. **3.** In India's education system, a significant number of seats are: b) booked c) rented 3. Answer the following questions according to the text. (03 pts) a) Where does the money of education in India come from ? b) Has the primary education attendance rate in India decreased? c) What is the rate of reservations applicable to these deprived groups? 4. Read the text and put the following ideas in the order they appear in the text. (1.5 pt)a) Most children in India are now able to read and write. b) The government strategies to increase the ratio of schooled kids in India. c) In India, education is both obligatory and without fees. 5. What or who do the underlined words in the text refer to? (0.5 pt)a) Three levels (§1) b) its (§2)

B) Text Exploration:			(0 7 pc	oints)
1. Find in the text words that are	closest in meanir	ng to the following:		(1.5pt)
a) several (§1)	b) presence (§2) c) income (§3)			(§3)
2. Give the opposite of the following educated - advantage - app		g the same root:		(Ipt)
 3. Rewrite sentence (b) so that it is a. 1. a) He said, "Private scheb) He said	are determined by t pass the exam w	y the field of study.		(1.5pt) dicine. (1pt)
	necessary – econ	•		(191)
1 st syllable	2 nd syllable	3 rd syllable		
-	•			
5. Imagine what "B" says and con A: Why do only few child B: A: Is it the only reason? B: A: Could you give me an B:	dren go to schoolexample?	in poor countries?		
A: What can we do to hel			••••••	••••
B:				
Part Two: Written Expression Choose ONE of the following	-			6 points)
Topic One: You and a grou about a chart of regulations in		invited by your school		
100 words using the following	•	me within your seno	or write a coll	iposition of about 60 to
Duties	n	ights		
- Respect due to everybody in the		ights Benefit from efficient	teaching	
- Keep the classroom clean and tid				
1200p and classiform cican and the	·J - 1	Have good health care	•	

Topic Two: Some people argue that spare parts produced in china are beneficial to the consumers since they give them access to lower price parts. Write a composition of about 80 to 100 words in which you state the disadvantages of counterfeit auto- parts.

- Make efforts to achieve better results

- Come in sharp time

- Study in appropriate material conditions

- Have access to educational aids

التصحيح النموذجي لامتحان البكالوريا التجريبية لشعبة اللغات الاجنبية الموضوع الثاني

لامة	الع	عناصر الاجابة				
المجموع	مجزاة	EDUCATION IN THE WORLD				
07 points	0.5pt 1.5 pt	A) Compr 1. The 2. 1-3 2-3	E: Reading ehension text is: b) exposito a) obligatory a) increased b) booked	ry		
	03 pts	3. a) The and	,	ion in India comes f	rom three levels: centr	al, state
	1.5 pt	a b	c			
	0.5 pt	§ 2 § 3 5. a) Th	§ 1 ree levels '§1): cent (§2): India	ral, state and local		
07 points		B) Text Ex	ploration			
	1.5 pt	1. a) va	rious	b) attendance	c) revenue	
	01 pt		ated ≠ uneducated opriate ≠ inapprop		age≠disadvantage Eillegal	
	1.5 pt	 3. 1. b) He said that private schools were authorized by the law. 2. b) The field of study determines the specific degrees. 3. b) Unless the students pass the exam with extinction, they will study medicine. 				
	01 pt	4.				
			1st syllable	2nd syllable necessary	3rd syllable education	
				political	economic	
	02 pts	parents. B: No B: Tl	o, it is not the only not have en			ir
(06 points)		Topic 1 or Relevance: Semantic c Correct use	xpression <u>VE</u> of the following to Topic 2:			

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